PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

From the INTERNA	TIONAL SEAR	CHING AUT	HORITY	Ÿ.		1 111 20
INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY To: DAVID R. MARSH				PC	REC'D 15 JUL 20	
	& PORTER LI					WIPO
555 TWELFTH ST., N.W. IP DOCKETING WASHINGTON, DC 20004			WRITTEN OPINION OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY			
					(PCT Rule 4	3 <i>bis</i> .1)
				Date of mailing	13 JUL	2005
Applicant'	s or agent's file	reference		(day/month/year) FOR FURTHER	ACTION	2003
19025.023					See paragraph 2	pelow
Internation	al application N	0.	International filing date	(day/month/year)	Priority date (de	ıy/month/year\
PCT/US04			16 August 2004 (16.08.	2004)	21 July 2004 (2	
Internation	al Patent Classif	ication (IPC)	or both national classifica	tion and IPC	22 031) 2004 (2	1.07.2004)
IPC(7): C1	12Q 1/70; C12Q	1/68; C12N	15/63 and US Cl.: 435/6,	320.1		
Applicant						
PTC THE	RAPEUTICS	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
1. This of	pinion contains i	ndications rel	ating to the following iten	ns:		
	Box No. I	Basis of the	opinion			
	Box No. II	Priority				
Box No. III Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability					satulat and the state	
\boxtimes	Box No. IV Box No. V Reasoned statement under Rule 43bis.1(a)(i) with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability Reasoned statement under Rule 43bis.1(a)(i) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement					istrial applicability
						e step or industrial
	Box No. VI Certain documents cited			in authoriting aucit an	acmen	
	Box No. VII	Certain defe	cts in the international app	olication		
	Box No. VIII		rvations on the internation			
2 FIDT	TIED A CORROL					
	HER ACTION					
Authori	ty other than thi	s one to be the		cept that this does : PEA has notified the	not apply where	e a written opinion of the the applicant chooses an eau under Rule 66.1bis(b)
	"TIDIOII LOPLY C	oponior, will	considered to be a writte re appropriate, with ame ore the expiration of 22 n	noments before the	avairation of 2	is invited to submit to the months from the date of
For furt	her options, see	Form PCT/IS	SA/220.	irom mo prior	ity dato, WIHCHEVE	a expires later.
3. For furt	her details, see n	notes to Form	PCT/ISA/220.			
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OLIII PC 171SA	1/237 (cover she	et) (January 2	2004)			

International application No.

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2001111	D. 1 Dasis of this opinion				
1. With regard to the language, this opinion has been established on the basis of the international application in the language in which it was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item.					
	This opinion has been established on the basis of a translation from the original language into the following language, which is the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of international search (under Rules 12.3 and 23.1(b)).				
	regard to any nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application and necessary to the ed invention, this opinion has been established on the basis of:				
a.	type of material				
	a sequence listing				
	table(s) related to the sequence listing				
b.	format of material				
	in written format				
	in computer readable form				
c.	time of filling/furnishing				
	contained in international application as filed.				
	filed together with the international application in computer readable form.				
	furnished subsequently to this Authority for the purposes of search.				
3. 🗌	In addition, in the case that more than one version or copy of a sequence listing and/or table relating thereto has been filed or furnished, the required statements that the information in the subsequent or additional copies is identical to that in the application as filed or does not go beyond the application as filed, as appropriate, were furnished.				
4. Addit	ional comments:				

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Box No. IV Lack of unity of invention				
1.	In response to the invitation (Form PCT/ISA/206) to pay additional fees the applicant has: paid additional fees paid additional fees under protest not paid additional fees			
2.	This Authority found that the requirement of unity of invention is not complied with and chose not to invite the applicant to pay additional fees.			
3,	This Authority considers that the requirement of unity of invention in accordance with Rule 13.1, 13.2 and 13.3 is			
	complied with			
	not complied with for the following reasons:			
	See the lack of unity section of the International Search Report(Form PCT/ISA/210)			
4. Consequently, this opinion has been established in respect of the following parts of the international application:				
	all parts.			
	the parts relating to claims Nos. 1-24, 31-35 and 37-54			

Form PCT/ISA/237 (Box No. IV) (January 2004)

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Box No. V Reasoned statement under Rule 43 bis.1(a) (i) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

1. Statement		
Novelty (N)	Claims 1-24, 31-35, 37-54	YES
	Claims NONE	NO
Inventive step (IS)	Claims 31-35, 37-40, 42, 50-54	YES
	Claims <u>1-24, 41, 43-49</u>	NO
Industrial applicability (IA)	Claims 1-24, 31-35, 37-54	YES
•	Claims NONE	NO

2. Citations and explanations:

Claims 41 and 43-49 lack an inventive step under PCT Article 33(3) as being obvious over US 6,448,007.

The claims are directed to a method of screening for a compound that modulates protein expression through an UTR-affected mechanism comprising growing a stable cell line having a reporter gene proximally linked to the target UTR, comparing the stable cell line in the presence of a compound relative to an absence of said compound and selecting for said compound that modulates protein expression through an UTR-affected mechanism. The teachings of the '007 patent are primarily directed to methods of identifying regulatory UTRs by creating libraries wherein reporter genes are fused to various cellular UTRs and expressed in cells. The methods described therein comprise sorting cells on the basis of relative levels of reporter gene expression (see especially the Summary of the Invention section). In the third paragraph in column 8, the '007 patent teaches, "[a] similar strategy can be used to screen and identify compounds that affect the function of the 5' and 3' UTR regulatory elements. Compounds that modulate the UTR effect on gene expression would skew the expression of the UTR-linked gene as compared to gene expression in the absence of the compound. In view of these teachings, the method of claims 41 and 43 would be obvious the skilled artisan. Furthermore, claims 44-49, which depend from claim 43, merely limit the UTR or cell used in the assay to having certain properties that would be inherent to many UTRs and cells and do not represent an inventive step over the teachings of the '007 patent.

Claims 1-24 lack an inventive step under PCT Article 33(3) as being obvious over US 6,448,007 in view of Ismail et al. (2000) J. Virol. 74:2365-2371 and further in view of US 5,859,227.

As described above, the '007 patent teaches processes which involve using vector constructs comprising reporter genes operably linked to UTR regulatory sequences. The '007 patent does not teach that the vectors used therein comprise an intron or an IRE according to the elected invention. However, the '007 patent does teach that a retroviral vector can be used to deliver the nucleic acids used in the assays described therein (see especially the paragraph bridging columns 6-7). Ismail et al. teaches enhancement of transgene expression by inclusion of an intron in a retroviral vector (see throughout). Thus, it was recognized in the art that it is desirable to include introns when expressing genes from retroviral vectors. Therefore, this limitation does not represent an inventive step over the art. Furthermore, the '227 patent teaches that the elected iron response element was known in the art and recognized as an important UTR element worthy of study in an assay of UTR regulation (see especially column 25, paragraph 3). Thus, the elected invention as a whole would be obvious in view of the available art. The dependent claims merely recite parameters such as the position of the intron, the linkage of the UTR and the reporter, properties of the vector that are conventional in the art and do not represent an inventive step.

Claims 31-35, 37-40, 42 and 50-54 meet the criteria set out in PCT Article 33(2)-(3), because the prior art does not teach or fairly suggest the methods claimed. In particular, the art fails to teach or provide motivation to practice the method of claims 31-35 and 37-40 wherein the nucleic acid comprises both a 5' and 3' UTR flanking the reporter gene, or the method of claims 50-54 wherein the reporter gene is proximally linked to more than one target UTR.

Claims 1-24, 31-35 and 37-54 meet the criteria set out in PCT Article 33(4), and thus have industrial applicability because the subject matter claimed can be made or used in industry.

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BOX NO. V	/Ш (Lertain (observations o	n the inte	rnational	application

supported by the description, are made:

Claims 41-54 are objected to under PCT Rule 66.2(a)(v) as lacking clarity under PCT Article 6 because claims are indefinite for the following reason(s): The claimed methods recite that the stable cell lines are compared in the presence and absence of the compound but do not indicate what aspects of the cell lines are compared. It is assumed that expression of the reporter gene is the measured parameter.

The following observations on the clarity of the claims, description, and drawings or on the questions whether the claims are fully

Form PCT/ISA/237 (Box No. VIII) (January 2004)